# AGENDA COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE MEETING CITY OF BERLIN TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 2018, 7:00 PM CITY HALL COUNCIL CHAMBERS

- 1. Roll Call.
- 2. General Public Comments. Registration card required (located at podium in Council Chamber).
- 3. Discussion on Potential Raze or Repair Order on 399 Lafayette Street. <u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Discuss and action as appropriate.
- 4. Discussion on Potential Raze or Repair on 130 W Berlin Street. <u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Discuss and action as appropriate.
- 5. Discussion on Vacant Building Registration Ordinance. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: Discuss and action as appropriate.
- 6. Motion to convene into closed session pursuant to Sec 19.85(1)(e), of the WI Statutes, to deliberate or negotiate the purchase of public property, investment of public funds or conduct other specified public business, whenever competitive or bargaining reasons require a closed session. (1) Union and non-union health plan renewal/post-retirement health insurance benefits.
- 7. Reconvene into open session and take appropriate action as a result of closed session discussion.
- 8. Adjourn.

In adherence to the City of Berlin Public Meeting Participation Policy, public participation will be allowed under each agenda item at the discretion of the presiding officer, with the exception of the Consent Agenda. Attendees must register their intention to participate on either a general comments section or a specific agenda item prior to the meeting by filling out a Registration Card, which can be obtained from the Internet, City Clerk's office or in the City Hall Council Chambers at the podium. Registration Cards should be turned in prior to the meeting to either the presiding officer or City Clerk.

DATE: December 28, 2017

TO: Mayor and Common Council

FROM: Lindsey Kemnitz

RE: Potential Raze or Repair Order for 399 Lafayette Street

Background: On July 18<sup>th</sup> the Common Council discussed the potential raze or repair order for 399 Lafayette Street. The motion was to give Werch until January 1, 2018 to tear down the buildings at 399 Lafayette Street, and if not down in that time, authorize a raze order automatically be placed on the property. It is after January 1, 2018 and want to revisit this as there are costs legal costs involved with placing the raze order on the property. The legal costs was about \$650 for the raze order for 182 W. Noyes. I spoke with Mr. Werch yesterday and he is in the process of cleaning out his personal belongings at 399 Lafayette Street. He recently built a large new shed at his property on Sacramento Street to empty out the property at 399 Lafayette Street before razing it. As of the 28<sup>th</sup> a permit has not been acquired for razing the buildings, but Mr. Werch said the contractor will be stopping the 28<sup>th</sup> or 29<sup>th</sup> to get the permit. Does Council want to move forward with the raze order or give the property owner an extension?

# **MEMO**

TO: Lindsey Kemnitz, Community Dev. Director

Jodi Olson, Administrator

From: Susan K. Leahy

**Building Inspector** 

RE: 130 West Berlin Street

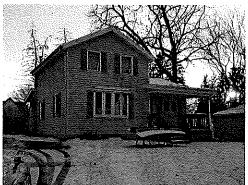
Raze-Repair Order - Fire Damage

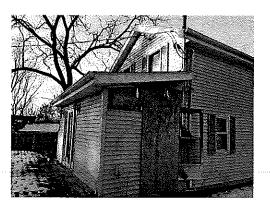
After review of the property on Tuesday, December 19, 2017 it shows that the owner has boarded up the windows and door openings which reflect the building permit taken out on April 11, 2016. There is a window on the west side that is broken and one on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor on the south side that has not been boarded up. Since that time nothing else has been done to the property.

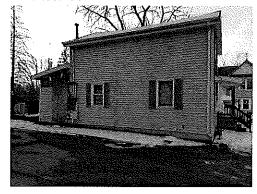
After reviewing the photos that were taken after the fire, there is extent damage to the structural floor framing within the dwelling along with electrical and interior damage.

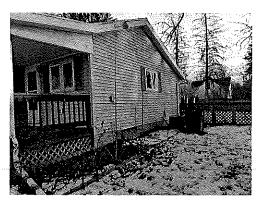
My recommendation to the Council would be to issue a Raze or Repair Order. The residence has been sitting vacant for over a year maybe more with no work being accomplished to repair.

December 19, 2017 Pictures

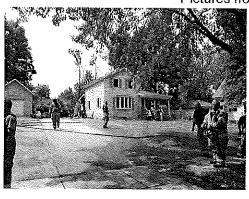


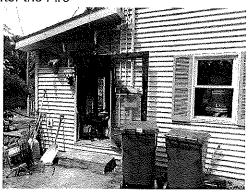




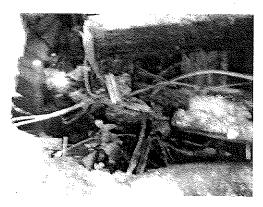


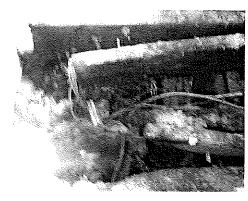
Pictures from after the Fire

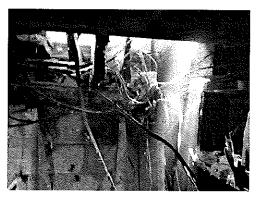




















DATE: December 28, 2017

TO: Mayor and Common Council

FROM: Lindsey Kemnitz

**RE: Vacant Building Registration Ordinance** 

Background: After dealing with 107 W. Huron Street, Council directed staff to research how other municipalities prevent buildings to become in such disrepair. After research some communities have a vacant building registration ordinance that requires every property owner that has a vacant building to allow access to the property for inspections. The City of Milwaukee has a well prepared ordinance that charges fees if the owner does not allow access or if there are violations at the property. Attached is the Milwaukee ordinance please review and give staff your opinion on the ordinance.

### 200-51.7 Administration and Enforcement

- b. Penalties. Any owner, former owner, or condominium association failing to comply with this section or providing false, misleading or fraudulent information on any application required under this section shall be subject to the penalties provided in s. 200-19. Any authorized contact person providing false, misleading or fraudulent information on any registration form required under this section shall also be subject to the penalties provided in s. 200-19.
- 10. APPEALS. Appeals of orders and notices under this section shall be made pursuant to s. 200-17.

# 200-51.7. Vacant Building Registration.

- 1. FINDINGS. The common council finds that a significant relationship exists between vacant buildings and increased calls for service for police services, higher incidence of fires, both accidental and intentional and decline and disinvestment in neighborhoods. Vacant buildings become havens for vandalism, arson and drug crimes, representing not only a clear drain of valuable governmental resources, but also creating a significant reduction of the quality of life for the surrounding neighborhood. and aggressive Registration. inspection monitoring of vacant properties helps stabilize and improve impacted neighborhoods and helps in the development of code enforcement efforts as well as public safety. The common council further finds that a property owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner that does not register, permit inspection, insure, secure and maintain a vacant building places an undue and inappropriate burden on the taxpayers of the city and poses an increased risk to public safety. The common council therefore directs the chief of police, fire chief and the commissioner of neighborhood services, as provided in this section, to charge the owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner of such property the costs of any public safety services rendered to the property while noncompliant with this section.
- 2. PURPOSE. Registering of residential buildings or any other building, including, but not limited to, buildings designed for manufacturing, industrial, storage or commercial uses is essential for the proper enforcement of the city's building, fire and zoning code and to safeguard persons, property and general welfare. Residential condominium and rental units are excluded from this section provided the vacancy rate of the building they are situated in does not exceed 95%.

- 3. DEFINITIONS. In this section:
- a. "Owner" means the person in whom is vested all or part of the legal title to the property or all or part of the beneficial ownership and right to present use and enjoyment of the premises.
- b. "Secured" means a building that has a permanent door or window in each appropriate building opening that is secured to prevent unauthorized entry and has all its door and window components, including frames, jambs, rails, stiles, muntins, mullions, panels, sashes, lights and panes intact and unbroken.
- c. "Vacant" means a building which lacks habitual presence of human beings who have a legal right to be on the premises, or at which substantially all lawful business or construction operation or residential occupancy is at a level of at least 95% vacant. An owner occupied single family home or owner occupied 2-family dwelling residential property shall not be deemed vacant if it has been used as a residence by the owner for a period of at least 3 months within the previous 9 months and the owner intends to resume residing at the property.
- d. "Violation" means that an order has been issued by the department and the conditions forming the basis for the order have not been fully abated.
- e. "Unsecured" means any building that does not meet the definition of secured.
  - REGISTRATION REQUIRED.
- a. The owner of any building that has become vacant shall within 30 days after the building becomes vacant or within 30 days after assuming ownership, whichever is later, file a registration statement and pay a registration fee as prescribed in s. 200-33-64 for each such building with the department on forms provided by the department.
- b. In addition to other information, the registration statement shall include the name, street address and telephone number of a person 21 years of age or older, designated by the owner or owners as the authorized agent for receiving notices of code violations and for receiving process, in any court proceeding or administrative enforcement proceeding, on behalf of the owner or owners in connection with the enforcement of this section. This person shall reside within the 7-county area as described in s. 200-51.5-2-i.
- c. The owner shall be required to renew the registration for successive 6-month periods as long as the building remains vacant and shall pay a registration renewal fee as

prescribed in s. 200-33-64 for each registered building.

- d. If, at the time of any 6-month inspection by the city, the building is in violation of any provision of this section, the owner shall pay a vacant building inspection renewal fee as provided in s. 200-33-64.
- 5. EXEMPTIONS. The following are exempt from the provisions of this section:
- a. Property owned by governmental bodies and the housing authority.
- b. Abandoned residential property pending foreclosure while subject to s. 200-22.5.
- c. Property that is vacant as a result of a natural disaster and covered by emergency response requirements issued by the commissioner.
- Property that is undergoing an d. d-1. active renovation or rehabilitation, provided a written plan for such renovation or rehabilitation has been submitted to and approved by the commissioner in accordance with subd. 2. The commissioner may revoke his or her approval of an exemption under this paragraph for violation of any condition or provision of application for such approval, for violation of any ordinance. law, lawful order or Wisconsin statute relating to the property, or if in the opinion of the commissioner the continuation of the exemption will be contrary to this section's purpose of safeguarding persons, property and general welfare.
- d-2. An owner may request an exemption pursuant to subd. 1 by filing with the commissioner a written application and plan for the subject renovation or rehabilitation on a form furnished for such purpose. All plans submitted for approval shall include:
- d-2-a. The legal description of the lot or parcel of land as obtained from official records.
- d-2-b. The name and address of the owner of the premises.
- d-2-c. The name and address of the person or contractor completing the work.
- d-2-d A detailed description of the renovation or rehabilitation.
- d-2-e. The projected cost of the renovation or rehabilitation.
- d-2-f. The time frame for completion of the renovation or rehabilitation.
- e. A single family home or owner-occupied 2-family dwelling residential property that has been used as a residence by the owner for a period of at least 3 months within the previous 9 months and the owner intends to resume residing at the property.

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- f. Residential condominium and rental units in buildings whose vacancy rate does not exceed 95%.
- g. Properties that are part of an estate that is in probate and are not subject to bankruptcy provided the personal representative or executor resides in the 7 county area as defined in 200-51.5-2-j.
- **6.** OWNER RESPONSIBILITIES. The owner of any building that has become vacant shall:
- a. Enclose and secure the building as provided in sub. 7.
- b. Maintain the building in a secure and closed condition until the building is again occupied or demolished.
- c. Acquire or otherwise maintain liability insurance in an amount not less than \$300,000 for buildings designed primarily for residential use and not less than \$1,000,000 for any other building, including, but not limited to, buildings designed for manufacturing, industrial, storage or commercial uses, covering any damage to any person or any property caused by any physical condition of or in the building. Evidence of this insurance shall be available at the request of the commissioner.
- MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR VACANT BUILDINGS. The owner of any vacant building for which registration is required by this section shall provide access to the city to conduct an exterior and interior inspection of the building to determine compliance with this section, following reasonable notice. If any owner of a vacant building does not provide access to the property at the scheduled time, the commissioner may apply for and obtain a special inspection warrant pursuant to s. 66.0119, Wis. Stats. In addition, failure to provide access to the property at the scheduled time shall subject the property owner to the fees specified in s. 200-33-64-g. In addition to any other applicable requirements. vacant buildings shall comply with the following requirements:
- a. Lot Maintenance Standards. Lot maintenance standards include the lot the building stands on and the surrounding public way and shall meet the following:
- a-1. All grass and weeds on the premises including abutting sidewalks, gutters and alleys shall be kept below 9 inches in height and all dead or broken trees, tree limbs or shrubbery shall be cut and removed from the premises.

- a-2. Any public sidewalk adjoining the lot shall be shoveled clear of snow so as to comply with s. 79-13.
- a-3 Junk, rubbish, waste and any material that creates a health, safety or fire hazard, including but not limited to any mail or flyers that have been delivered to the building, shall not be permitted to accumulate on any portion of the exterior lot of the building.
- a-4. No portion of the lot nor any structure, vehicle, receptacle or object on the premises shall be maintained or operated in any manner that causes or produces any health or safety hazard or permits the premises to become a rodent harborage or is conducive to rodent harborage.
- a-5. The lot shall be maintained so that water does not accumulate or stand on the ground.
- a-6. All fences and gates shall be maintained in sound condition and in good repair.
- b. Exterior Maintenance Standards. The exterior of the building shall be enclosed, secured and maintained to meet the following:
- b-1. Foundations, basements, cellars and crawlspaces shall be maintained in sound and watertight condition adequate to support the building and protected against the entry of rodents or other animals.
- b-2. Exterior walls shall be free of holes, breaks, loose or rotting boards or timbers, and any other conditions which might admit rain or dampness to the interior portions of the walls or the interior spaces and shall be protected against the entry of rodents or other animals.
- b-3. Exterior windows and doors shall be maintained in sound condition and good repair and prevent rain from entering the building, or the opening shall be secured in accordance with s. 275-32-7. The windows and doors shall be equipped with hardware for locking and the locking mechanism shall be maintained in properly functioning condition. All points of possible Ingress and egress shall be secured to prevent unauthorized entry.
- b-4. The roof shall be adequately supported and maintained in weathertight condition; the gutters, downspouts, scuppers and appropriate flashing shall be in good repair and adequate to remove the water from the building.
- b-5. Chimneys and flues shall be kept in sound, functional, weathertight condition and in good repair.
- b-6. Every outside stair or step shall be maintained in sound condition and in good

- repair; every porch, stoop, deck, veranda, balcony and walk shall be maintained in sound condition for its purpose.
- c. Interior Maintenance Standards. The interior of any building shall be maintained in accordance with the following:
- c-1. It is prohibited to accumulate or permit the accumulation of junk, trash, debris, boxes, lumber, scrap metal or any other materials that may produce any health, fire or safety hazard, or provide harborage for rodents or other animals.
- c-2. Every foundation, roof, floor, wall, stair, ceiling or other structural support shall be safe and capable of supporting the loads associated with normal usage and shall be kept in sound condition and repair.
- c-3. Any plumbing fixtures shall be maintained with no leaking pipes, and all pipes for water shall either be completely drained or heated to resist being frozen.
- c-4. Every exit door shall be secured with an internal deadbolt lock, or with a locking mechanism deemed equivalent or better by the department, and every exit door shall be capable of being opened from the inside easily and without the use of a key or special knowledge.
- c-5. Interior stairs shall have treads and risers that have uniform dimensions, are sound, securely fastened and have no rotting, loose or deteriorating supports.
- c-6. Every owner shall be responsible for the extermination of insects, rodents and other vermin in or about the premises.
- d. Building Security Standards. The following apply to the securing of vacant buildings:
- d-1. All building openings shall be closed and secured, using methods and materials so as to comply with the requirements of s. 275-32-7.
- d-2. If a building has been vacant for 6 months or longer, or upon any renewal of the registration statement, the building owner shall implement and provide proof satisfactory to the department that in addition to complying with the security standards in subd. 1, it is secured. If the building fails to be secured as determined by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, then the building shall be boarded in accordance with s. 275-32-7.
- d-3. If the owner has provided proof that a building is secured and based on an inspection by the department the building is found to be in violation, the commissioner shall send by first class mall a written notice of the violation to the person responsible for day-to-day supervision

and management of the building or to the authorized agent for service of process or to the owner of record. Within 30 days of the mailing of the notice of violation, the owner shall be required to either comply with subd. 2 or restore the building to a secured state and also install and maintain a working alarm system. The alarm system shall connect to all areas of the building subject to unauthorized human entry, including but not limited to, all exterior doors, windows or other readily accessible openings. The alarm system shall, upon detecting unauthorized entry, send an automatic signal to a licensed alarm business that has 24-hour live operators who will monitor the system and contact the building owner or designated agent.

- 8. ISSUANCE OF MODIFICATIONS. Upon written application by an owner or an owner's agent, the commissioner may approve a modification of any provision of this section, including the requirement for inspections and fees, provided the spirit and functional intent of the section will be observed and the public health, welfare and safety will be assured. The decision of the commissioner concerning a modification shall be made in writing and the application for a modification and the decision of the commissioner concerning such modification shall be retained in the permanent records of the department.
- 9. RULES AND REGULATIONS. The commissioner may issue rules and regulations for the administration of this section. These rules may specify additional board-up materials which may be used when securing a building, if proof is provided satisfactory to the commissioner that the materials will perform in a manner equivalent to, or better than, the materials specified in this section.
- 10. PENALTY. a. Failure to Register. Any property owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner, that fails to register a vacant building as required under sub. 4 shall, upon conviction, forfeit not less than \$500 nor more than \$2,000, together with the cost of the action, and in default of payment thereof may be imprisoned in an appropriate county facility as allowed by law.
- b. Failure to Secure and Maintain. Any property owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner, having a duty to register a vacant building that fails its duty to secure and maintain the property as required under sub. 6 or 7 shall, upon conviction, forfeit not less than \$350 nor more than \$1,500, together with the cost of the action, and in default of payment

thereof may be imprisoned in an appropriate county facility as allowed by law.

- 10.5. MAINTENANCE OR SECURING OF VACANT BUILDING BY CITY. a. Common Council Findings. Notwithstanding the penalty provisions of sub. 10, the commissioner shall promptly, pursuant to s. 66.0119, Wis. Stats., petition the court for a special inspection warrant to enter upon the premises of a vacant building and immediately take all actions necessary to ensure the building is compliant with subs. 6-a and b and 7 if the common council, by resolution, makes findings that:
- a-1. The property owner or entity functioning as a trustee of the owner has failed to secure and maintain the property as required by sub. 6 or 7.
- a-2. The lack of proper securing or maintenance of the property by the owner or entity functioning as a trustee of the owner is resulting in the permissive waste of the property.
- a-3. The property is of substantial and extraordinary historic, architectural or commercial value to the surrounding neighborhood and to the city as a whole.
- b. Cost Recovery. Whenever, pursuant to this subsection, the commissioner takes actions necessary to ensure that a building is compliant with subs. 6-a and b and 7, all costs of such actions shall be charged as a lien upon the property and may be assessed and collected as a special charge. The commissioner shall establish a reasonable charge for the costs of administration and enforcement of this section.
- CHARGE FOR PUBLIC SAFETY SERVICES. a, Any property owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner that fails to comply with any provision of this section shall be charged for any public safety services rendered to the property by the police department or fire department while non-compliant with this section. The chief of police or fire chief shall provide a record of each service rendered to the property and the costs of services, investigation, to administration and enforcement commissioner of neighborhood services. The costs of the services, investigation, administration and enforcement by any police or fire personnel may be charged to the owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner and in whole or in part. Appeal of the determination of the chief of police or fire chief imposing costs against the owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner may be submitted to the administrative review appeals board as provided by s. 320-11.

#### 200-51.9 Administration and Enforcement

- Cost Recovery. Upon receipt of a cost referral letter from the chief of police or fire chief pursuant to par. a., the commissioner of neighborhood services shall charge any premises owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner found to be in violation of this section the costs of enforcement, including administrative costs, in full or in part. A notice of intent to charge shall be issued to the premises owner or entity functioning as a trustee of an owner along with notice that, if the property is brought into compliance with the vacant building registration program within 30 days of the notice, the public safety service charge shall not be issued. If the property is not brought into compliance within 30 days, all costs shall be charged as a lien upon such premises and may be assessed and collected as a special charge. The commissioner shall establish a reasonable charge for the costs of administration and enforcement of this section.
- 200-51.9. Registration of Rental Property and Rental Units. Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 200-22.5, 200-51.5, 200-51.7 or any other real-property registration ordinance, the only information that shall be required to register a rental property or rental unit is:
  - 1. The name of the owner.
- 2. The name of an authorized contact person, as defined in s. 200-51.5-2-a.
- 3. The address at which the authorized contact person may be contacted.
- 4. The telephone number at which the authorized contact person may be contacted.
- 200-55. Home Occupations. 1. PURPOSE AND INTENT. The purpose and intent of this section is to permit residents of the city a broad choice in the use of their homes as a place of livelihood and the production or supplementing of personal and family Income. This section is also intended to protect residential areas from adverse impacts of activities associated with certain home occupations.
- 2. CERTIFICATE REQUIRED. Any person engaged in a home business requiring a license or permit from the city must first obtain a certificate of home occupation from the commissioner of neighborhood services and pay the fee specified in s. 200-33-24.5. An application for a certificate of home occupation shall be filled with the department of neighborhood services on forms provided by the department. An inspection may be required prior to issuance of the certificate.

- 3. REQUIREMENTS. All home occupations shall comply with the requirements provided in ss. 295-503-3-c, 295-603-4-c and 295-803-4-c.
- 200-57. Community Garden Permit. 1. PERMIT REQUIRED. No person may establish or maintain a community garden without first obtaining a community garden permit from the commissioner of city development or the commissioner's designee.
- 2. APPLICATION. Application for a community garden permit shall be made on a form provided therefor by the commissioner or designee. The application shall contain the following information:
- a. The name of the organization that will be operating the community garden, as well as the name, address and home telephone number of an authorized representative of the organization who will be responsible for overall operation of the community garden.
- b. The types of vegetables, fruits, flowers or other plants that are expected to be grown on the site.
- c. The anticlpated daily hours of operation of the community garden.
- d. The average and maximum numbers of persons expected to be present at the community garden on a given day.
- e. A description of pedestrian and vehicular access to the site.
- f. A description of where persons coming to the community garden by motor vehicle are likely to park their vehicles, including any parking restrictions in effect in the anticipated parking area.
- g. Whether any motorized vehicles or farm equipment will be brought onto the site, including the means of transporting the vehicles or equipment to and from the site and any provisions for storing the vehicles or equipment on the site.
- h. Whether operation of the community garden will involve the application of pesticides or herbicides and, if so, information on the types of pesticides or herbicides that will be applied, the name of the individual or business who will be making the application and a description of measures that will be taken to warn persons entering the community garden site of the presence of these chemicals.
- 3. COMMUNITY OUTREACH. At the time of submitting an application for a community garden permit, the applicant shall submit to the commissioner of city development or the commissioner's designee a description of the

#### Administration and Enforcement 200-33-64

- b. The minimum fee shall be \$60.
- c. There shall be a processing fee of \$6 for each permit issued.
- 64. VACANT BUILDING REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE. a. Each vacant building registration certificate shall be issued and shall be valid for 6 months from the date the certificate is issued.
- b. There shall be no fee for the initial registration for each building.
- c. There shall be a vacant building inspection renewal fee of \$250 for each building.
- d. Any building in violation of any of the provisions of s. 200-51.7 at the time of any 6-month inspection shall be charged a vacant building inspection renewal fee of \$500.
- e. Any building continuing to be in violation of any of the provisions of s. 200-51.7 at the time of any 6-month inspection shall be charged a vacant building inspection renewal fee in increasing increments of \$250 at each renewal to a maximum of \$1,000.
- f. Vacant building inspection fees shall be charged against the real estate and shall be assessed and collected as a special charge. (See s. 200-51.7.)
- g. A fee of \$50 shall be imposed if the department is unable to gain access to the structure for the inspection pursuant to s. 200-51.7-7 at the scheduled time.
- 64.5. VARIANCES. The fee to petition the commissioner for a variance as provided in s. 200-16.5 shall be \$100.
- 65. VARIANCES, STATE BUILDING CODE. a. The fee required to petition the commissioner for a variance shall be \$550.
- b. There shall be a processing fee of \$6 for each petition issued.
- 66. WOOD STOVE OR PRE-FABRICATED FIREPLACES. a. The permit fee for the installation of wood stoves or prefabricated fireplaces shall be \$50.
- b. There shall be a processing fee of \$6 for each permit issued.

- 67. ZONING, BOARD OF APPEALS. Appeals and applications for variances and special use approvals shall be subject to the following fee schedule. Fees shall not be refunded after a notice of appeal is filed except by appeal to the board. The state of Wisconsin and its political subdivisions shall not be required to pay filing fees.
- a. Notice of appeal and application for review fee: \$125. An applicant filing under this subsection shall pay a filing fee which shall be applied as a credit toward any action requested by an applicant under pars. b to m. The filing fee is not refundable.
- b. Dimensional variances: \$350 per variance requested.
- c. Use variances (per variance requested), based on lot area:
  - c-1. 0-10,000 square feet: \$350.
  - c-2. 10,001-20,000 square feet: \$650.
  - c-3. Over 20,000 square feet: \$950.
- d. Special uses (per special use requested) based on lot area:
  - d-1. 0-10,000 square feet: \$300.
  - d-2. 10,0001-20,000 square feet: \$400.
  - d-3. Over 20,000 square feet: \$500.
  - e. Name changes: \$300.
  - f. Billboards: \$650 per sign face.
- g. On premise signs: roof signs, freestanding signs and projecting signs:
  - g-1. 0-50 square feet: \$250.
  - g-2. 51-100 square feet: \$350,
  - g-3. Over 100 square feet: \$450.
  - h. Transmission towers: \$950.
- i. Application for an extension of time to comply with conditions imposed in a previous decision of the board: \$300.
- j. Appeal on order of the department: \$275.
- L. Request for a rehearing: \$275 plus all applicable fees.
  - m. All other requests: \$275.
- 68. ZONING APPEALS, ORIGINAL APPLICATION REVIEW. The fee for review of a board of zoning appeals original application by department staff, when such review is required, shall be \$50, except that no fee shall be required when the application pertains to a one- or 2-family dwelling.