

# CITY OF BERLIN 2022 BUDGET



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# EXAMPLES OF MUNICIPAL SERVICES PAID THROUGH TAXES

Ambulance

Animal Control

Aquatic Center

Building Inspection Campground

Cemetery

Community Development

Elections

**Emergency Government** 

Fire Protection

Fireworks

Garbage Collection

Land Use Planning & Zoning

Leaf and Brush Pick-up

Librar

Licensing and Permitting Parks & Playgrounds

Police protection

Recreation

Recycling

Senior Center Activities

Senior Nutrition

Senior Transportation Shared-Ride Taxi Service

Shelterhouses

Sidewalk Repair & Maintenance

Snow Plowing & Salting

Spring bulk waste pick-up

Stormsewer

Street lighting

Streets Construction & Maintenance

Weed & Nuisance Control

Weights & Measures

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# GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURE BUDGET

2021 Budget: \$6,304,979

2022 Budget: \$5,948,860

\$Change \$ (356,119)

% Change -6.7%

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EXPENSE DISTRIBUTION
BY DIVISION

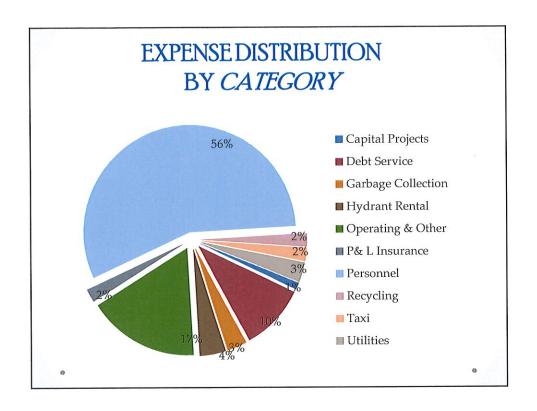
GEN GOV

PUBLIC SAFETY

PUBLIC WORKS

HEALTH & HUMAN
SERVICES
CULTURE &
RECREATION
CONSERVATION &
DEVELOPMENT
DEBT

OTHER



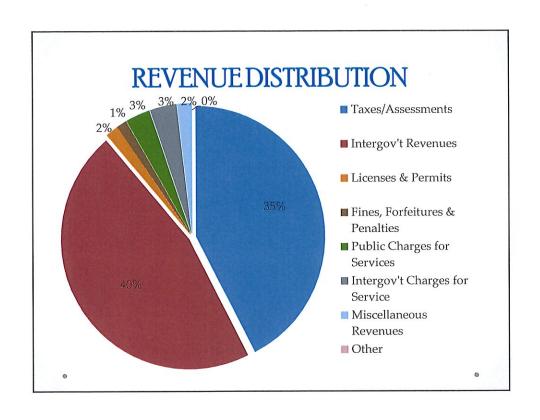
# GENERAL FUND REVENUE BUDGET

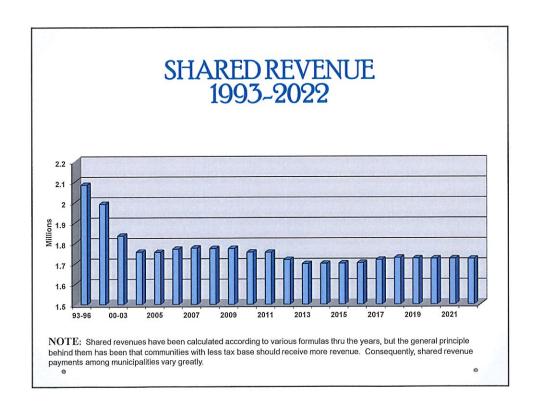
2021 Budget: \$6,220,888

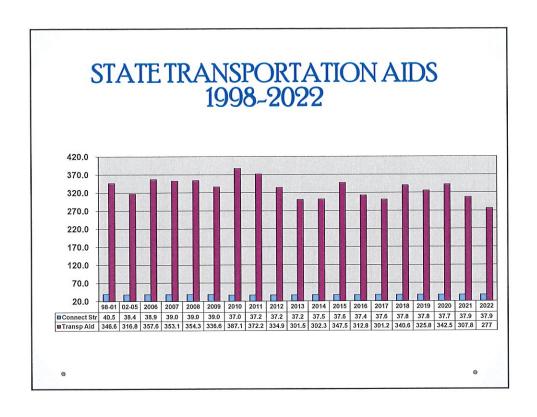
2022 Budget: \$5,431,911

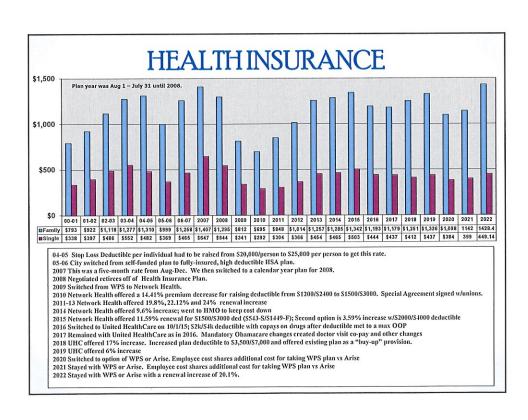
\$Change \$ (788,977)

% Change -12.71%









# 2021 TAXES (Collectible 2022)

## LEVY AND MILL RATES

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## **LEVY LIMITS**

- For 2021, municipal levies can increase by 0% or the rate of growth from NET new construction. This is based on Equalized value, not Assessed value.
  - > Net new construction was .792% or \$2.41M, which equates to a levy increase of \$12,386
- When a TID is closed out, municipalities only get credit for 50% of the increased valuation at closing for levy purposes.
  - > TID #9 will close at a \$70K loss. Any levy increase would be applicable in
  - > TID closure of #14 allows for a levy increase of 0.552% or \$8,633
- Debt service is currently outside of the levy limits.
- Municipalities cannot remove fees from the tax roll and place on taxes as special charge without reducing the levy by that amount.
  - With the passage of the 2017-2018 state budget, a community can now shift fire protection fees from levy to customer utility bills without needing to reduce its allowable levy. This means it is possible for the City to shift over \$247,775 from tax levy to be directly billed via Utility bills for fire protection fees.

## 2021TAXLEVY

Collectible 2022

• 2021 Allowable Levy:

\$2,112,758

- 0% increase or net new construction
  - o Post 7/1/05 debt service allowed

Recommended 2021 Levy:

\$2,112,758

o Levy \$ decrease from 2020:

(\$34,556)\*

o % decrease from 2020 levy:

-1 61%

NOTE: Net New Construction resulted in \$12K of increased levy while debt service accounted for \$39K.

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## **LEVY HISTORY**

		GREEN				COU		
Levy	Collect		Levy			- School - Land		Levy
Year	Year	Levy \$	Change		Levy \$		Change	
1999	2000	D. Carrier	- T		\$			
2000	2001				\$	•		
2001	2002	\$ 1,249,312		1-57 -515	S	27,392	100	12/10/
2002	2003	\$ 1,279,786	S	30,474	\$	29,908	\$	2,516
2003	2004	\$ 1,286,856	\$	7,070	\$	29,755	\$	(153)
2004	2005	\$ 1,428,939	\$	142,083	S	35,845	\$	6,090
2005	2006	\$ 1,457,857	\$	28,918	5	36,223	\$	378
2006	2007	\$ 1,487,238	\$	29,381	\$	36,722	\$	499
2007	2008	\$ 1,530,866	\$	43,628	\$	38,814	\$	2,092
2008	2009	\$ 1,593,521	S	62,655	\$	41,440	\$	2,626
2009	2010	\$ 1,637,282	\$	43,761	\$	41,753	\$	313
2010	2011	\$ 1,676,415	S	39,133	\$	41,858	\$	105
2011	2012	\$ 1,700,678	\$	24,263	\$	41,894	\$	36
2012	2013	\$ 1,741,794	\$	41,116	\$	42,821	\$	927
2013	2014	\$ 1,857,301	\$	115,507	\$	44,721	\$	1,900
2014	2015	\$ 1,925,147	\$	67,846	\$	47,167	\$	2,446
2015	2016	\$ 1,973,109	S	47,962	\$	47,701	5	534
2016	2017	\$ 2,003,649	\$	30,540	\$	48,552	\$	851
2017	2018	\$ 2,064,502	\$	60,853	\$	47,598	\$	(954)
2018	2019	\$ 2,032,640	\$	(31,862)	5	46,790	\$	(808)
2019	2020	\$ 2,056,191	5	23,551	\$	46,245	5	(545)
2020	2021	\$ 2,098,407	\$	42,216	\$	48,907	5	2,662
2021	2022	\$ 2.064,613	S	(33,794)	\$	48,145	\$	(762)

TOTAL				
	Levy	% Levy		
Total Levy	Change	Change		
\$ 1,171,868	107.10	100 m		
\$ 1,207,984	\$ 36,116	3.08%		
\$ 1,233,529	\$ 25,545	2.11%		
\$ 1,309,694	\$ 76,165	6.17%		
\$ 1,316,611	\$ 6,917	0.53%		
\$ 1,464,784	\$148,173	11.25%		
\$ 1,494,080	\$ 29,296	2.00%		
\$ 1,523,960	\$ 29,880	2.00%		
\$ 1,569,680	\$ 45,720	3.00%		
\$ 1,634,961	\$ 65,281	4.16%		
\$ 1,679,035	\$ 44,074	2.70%		
\$ 1,718,273	\$ 39,238	2.34%		
\$ 1,742,572	\$ 24,299	1.41%		
\$ 1,784,615	\$ 42,043	2.41%		
\$ 1,902,022	\$117,407	6.58%		
\$ 1,972,314	\$ 70,292	3.70%		
\$ 2,020,810	\$ 48,496	2.46%		
\$ 2,052,201	\$ 31,391	1.55%		
\$ 2,112,100	\$ 59,899	2.92%		
\$ 2,079,430	\$ (32,670)	-1.55%		
\$ 2,102,436	\$ 23,006	1.11%		
\$ 2,147,314	\$ 44,878	2.13%		
\$ 2,112,758	\$ (34,556)	-1.61%		

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## MILL RATE COMPARISONS

	<b>Green Lake</b>	
Tax		%
Year	Mill Rate	Change
2000	0.007720426	
2001	0.006897244	-10.7%
2002	0.006910334	0.2%
2003	0.006910335	0.0%
2004	0.007684317	11.2%
2005	0.00781192	1.7%
2006	0.007879479	0.9%
2007	0.0080573589	2.3%
2008	0.0082318415	2.2%
2009	0.0083341170	1.2%
2010	0.0078794590	-5.5%
2011	0.0079336438	0.7%
2012	0.0079463765	0.16%
2013	0.0082850597	4.26%
2014	0.0085619958	3.34%
2015	0.0087818683	2.57%
2016	0.0087785510	-0.04%
2017	0.0085508254	-2.59%
2018	0.0085896366	0.45%
2019	0.0087254853	1.58%
2020	0.0089348899	2.40%
2021	0.0086632779	-3.04%

Waushara				
Tax		%		
Year	Mill Rate	Change		
2000	0.008038800			
2001	0.007075550	-12.0%		
2002	0.006910334	-2.3%		
2003	0.007016513	1.5%		
2004	0.007999592	14.0%		
2005	0.007948305	-0.6%		
2006	0.007247463	-8.8%		
2007	0.009113755	25.8%		
2008	0.008556434	-6.1%		
2009	0.008377226	-2.1%		
2010	0.007935858	-5.3%		
2011	0.010147041	27.9%		
2012	0.008103664	-20.1%		
2013	0.008167988	0.8%		
2014	0.008572113	4.9%		
2015	0.008654284	1.0%		
2016	0.008791480	1.6%		
2017	0.008625856	-1.9%		
2018	0.008525978	-1.2%		
2019	0.008707188	2.1%		
2020	0.008926724	2.5%		
2021	0.008787293	-1.6%		

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CAPITAL PROJECTS

&
EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

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## 2022 CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

### **Carryover Projects**

□ \$ 150K Water St/ Park Street 2<sup>nd</sup> Coat of Asphalt

### **New Projects**

- □ \$ 75K City Hall Boiler
- □ \$ 125K City Hall Elevator
- □ \$ 190K Bridge Epoxy (all 3 bridges)
- ☐ \$ 390K Total

## **Equipment Purchases**

□ \$185K Plow Truck

## 2022 CAPITAL EQUIPMENT/ REPLACEMENT

## FUNDS SET ASIDE FOR FUTURE EQUIPMENT/CAPITAL PROJECTS

- □ \$ 3K Portable PD Radios
- □ \$ 2K PD Tasers
- □ \$ 4K Command Truck
- □ \$ 30K Squad Car Replacement

\$39K Total

## PROPERTY VALUATIONS

# Assessed Valuation vs. Equalized Valuation



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WHATIS "Assessed" VALUE?

- Assessed Valuation or market valuation is used for calculating local tax rates to ensure fairness in distributing the tax burden within a local municipality.
- □ Used in calculating local mill rates.
- Assessed valuations are assigned by the local assessor.
- □ WI DOR compares current assessments to current sales (expressed as a ratio) to monitor compliance. If city-wide ratio falls out of compliance (less than 90% or over 110% of fair market value), for three years in a row, a Revaluation is necessary.
- □ In 2019, the City of Berlin fell out of compliance with assessment ratio for Green Lake County and Waushara County fell out of compliance in 2020. There is \$96,500 committed for future revaluation potentially for 2023. City of Berlin assessment ratios are:
  - ☐ Green Lake County: 77.85% ☐ Waushara County: 76.76%

# ASSESSED VALUE GREEN LAKE COUNTY

Green Lake County Assessed Valuation					
Year	<u>Value</u>	% Change	\$ Change		
2001	165,661,800	0.00%	-		
2002	194,462,100	17.38%	28,800,300		
2003	195,319,200	0.44%	857,100		
2004	195,025,300	-0.15%	(293,900)		
2005	195,818,400	0.41%	793,100		
2006	197,824,000	1.02%	2,005,600		
2007	198,795,400	0.49%	971,400		
2008	203,336,500	2.28%	4,541,100		
2009	207,032,200	1.82%	3,695,700		
2010*	222,420,600	7.43%	15,388,400		
2011	223,611,000	0.54%	1,190,400		
2012	228,971,600	2.40%	5,360,600		
2013	234,910,200	2.59%	5,938,600		
2014	237,717,300	1.19%	2,807,100		
2015	237,339,100	-0.16%	(378,200)		
2016	240,610,000	1.38%	3,270,900		
2017	245,517,100	2.04%	4,907,100		
2018	240,618,200	-2.00%	(4,898,900)		
2019	240,225,700	-2.16%	(5,291,400)		
2020	239,906,310	-0.30%	(711,890)		
2021	241,377,010	0.48%	1,151,310		

Revaluation

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# ASSESSED VALUE WAUSHARA COUNTY

Wa	Waushara County Assessed Valuation					
Year	<u>Value</u>	% Change	\$ Change			
2001	7,543,200	0.00%				
2002	8,503,500	12.73%	960,300			
2003	8,443,100	-0.71%	(60,400)			
2004	8,675,400	2.75%	232,300			
2005	8,842,500	1.93%	167,100			
2006	9,995,600	13.04%	1,153,100			
2007	9,578,100	-4.18%	(417,500)			
2008	9,781,900	2.13%	203,800			
2009	10,479,700	7.13%	697,800			
2010*	10,482,300	0.02%	2,600			
2011	10,359,900	-1.17%	(122,400)			
2012	10,535,300	1.69%	175,400			
2013	11,505,500	9.21%	970,200			
2014	11,920,200	3.60%	414,700			
2015	12,062,000	1.19%	141,800			
2016	11,733,700	-2.72%	(328,300)			
2017	11,965,900	1.98%	232,200			
2018	12,426,100	3.85%	460,200			
2019	13,226,100	10.53%	1,260,200			
2020	12,095,360	-2.66%	(330,740)			
2021	11,799,730	-10.78%	(1,426,370)			

Revaluation

## WHATIS "Equalized" VALUE?

- □ Equalized Valuation Uniform and standardized estimation of a municipality's total value to guarantee the fairness in distribution of the tax burden. If a city has 30% of the total value in the county, the city taxpayers should pay 30% of the taxes to be collected for county costs. No more; no less.
- □ Used in calculations for other taxing entities, various TID valuations, debt capacity calculations, distributing local aids, etc.
- □ Equalized Valuations are <u>assigned by the Department of Revenue.</u>

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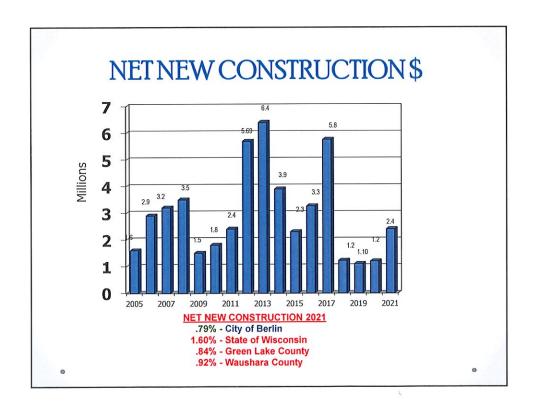
## EQUALIZED VALUE GREEN LAKE COUNTY

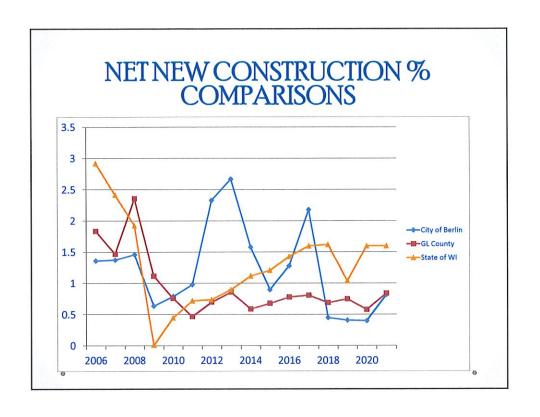
Green Lake County Equalized Value					
	w/o 1	ΓIF	w/TIF		
Year	<u>Value</u>	% Change	Value	% Change	
2001	175,393,600		183,893,100		
2002	185,627,600	5.83%	194,912,300	5.99%	
2003	189,982,700	2.35%	199,263,700	2.23%	
2004	196,175,400	3.26%	205,743,900	3.25%	
2005	198,559,500	1.22%	208,346,900	1.27%	
2006	211,492,300	6.51%	221,661,600	6.39%	
2007	216,111,000	2.18%	226,119,900	2.01%	
2008	212,116,100	-1.85%	222,806,700	-1.47%	
2009	218.041,300	2.79%	228,818,400	2.70%	
2010	220,304,200	1.04%	230,309,900	0.65%	
2011	224,140,700	1.74%	233,810,700	1.52%	
2012	219,011,200	-2.29%	228,781,200	-2.15%	
2013	228,101,700	4.15%	239,024,800	4.48%	
2014	228,395,900	0.13%	241,468,300	1.02%	
2015	230,201,700	0.79%	243,172,100	0.71%	
2016	238,433,500	3.58%	251,351,900	3.36%	
2017	253,980,100	6.52%	258,270,100	2.75%	
2018	253,727,400	-0.10%	257,994,300	-0.11%	
2019	270,308,400	6.53%	275,553,000	6.81%	
2020	283,138,500	4.75%	289,228,300	4.96%	
2021	306,106,800	8.11%	310,036,200	7.19%	

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## EQUALIZED VALUE WAUSHARA COUNTY

Waushara County Equalized Value					
	w/o TIF		w/TIF		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Value</u>	% Change	Value	% Change	
2001	3,845,600		8,473,300		
2002	4,338,100	12.81%	8,972,100	5.89%	
2003	4,395,000	1.31%	9,038,800	0.74%	
2004	4,921,100	11.97%	9,527,700	5.41%	
2005	4,933,600	0.25%	9,572,500	0.47%	
2006	5,222,100	5.85%	10,301,400	7.61%	
2007	5,479,300	4.93%	12,323,000	19.62%	
2008	5,516,200	0.67%	11,141,200	-9.59%	
2009	5,537,100	0.38%	11,642,400	4.50%	
2010	5,500,700	-0.66%	10,931,800	-6.10%	
2011	5,521,400	0.38%	10,845,600	-0.79%	
2012	5,384,300	-2.48%	10,734,900	-1.02%	
2013	5,492,300	2.01%	11,541,600	7.51%	
2014	5,595,800	1.88%	12,122,600	5.03%	
2015	5,565,300	-0.55%	12,179,100	0.47%	
2016	5,777,700	3.82%	12,275,600	0.79%	
2017	5,855,600	1.35%	12,697,900	3.44%	
2018	5,840,600	-0.26%	13,224,700	4.15%	
2019	6,079,400	4.09%	15,139,300	14.48%	
2020	6,599,100	8.55%	14,568,700	-3.77%	
2021	7,138,100	8.17%	15,373,100	5.52%	





# TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING DISTRICTS (TIF or TID)

## **TID BITS**

## Municipalities are limited to TID creation by 12% of Equalized Valuation

- □ 12% of City of Berlin Equalized Value Limit: \$39.1M
- □ City of Berlin TID Valuation currently: \$10.9M (does not include environmental TIDs)
- □ TID capacity remaining: \$28.2M
- Berlin currently has 3 active TIDs + 2 Environmental TIDs
- □ Est. 12/31/21 TID Advance from General Fund: \$649K

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## **TID BITS**

- TID#01E (RAJ) This TID is not cash flowing currently, but debt service is scheduled thru 2023. It has opportunity to cash flow by end of life.
- □ TID#02E (David White) has a positive cash flow. In 2014 we signed a developers agreement with the State Bank of Chilton to reimburse for environmental clean-up costs.
- □ TID #9 (Downtown Riverblock) TID #9 will close at a \$70K loss. Any levy increase would be applicable in 2023.
- □ TID #10 (North Business Park) TID 10 is paying the General Fund back approximately \$200k/year. This payback is designated to go towards debt service. Joint Review Board approved a 3-year extension for this TID in 2017 which allows it to most likely cash flow over its extended lifetime.
- ☐ TID#14 (East Ridge Apartment Complex) Closed this year and will have a 0.552% levy increase or \$8,633
- □ TID #15 (Downtown TID) first gained valuation over it's base value in 2019; therefore, it received its first tax increment in 2020.

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## MAINTAINING FISCAL SOUNDNESS





RESERVES

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## CITY OF BERLIN DEBT



Debt is a viable, prudent, and necessary option for capital project funding. Strict levy limits have forced debt to be a necessary measure to handle rising costs of services. Steady debt payments allow capital projects to occur while allowing a more stable mill rate.

- NON-TIF DEBT:\* \$5.3M Debt/Capacity Ratio: 29% Final Pmnt Due: 2033
  TIF DEBT: \$45K Debt/capacity Ratio: <1% Final Pmnt Due: 2026
- LENGTH OF DEBT: Length of debt terms should not extend beyond the life of the infrastructure being borrowed for. Taxpayers who are paying for the debt, should be receiving the benefit of the project.
- MAINTAINING REASONABLE DEBT AMOUNT. The City of Berlin's financial policy for debt is not to exceed 45% of the legal debt limit. Municipalities who borrow over 50% of their legal debt limit, or max out borrowing capacity may find difficulty receiving decent bond ratings, jeopardize current bond ratings, create higher borrowing rates, or could find it difficult to borrow when a major capital project arises. Debt load can have a significant impact on mill rates.

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## **CITY OF BERLIN DEBT**



□ Legal Debt Limit: Equal to 5% of total equalized value.

☐ City of Berlin's *legal debt limit:* \$16.2M (325,409,300\*5%)

□ 2021 Year-end Anticipated Debt: \$5.4M

□ Debt/Capacity Ratio: 29% (goal is 45% or below)

□ Maximum Debt Per Policy: \$7.3M

2021 City of Berlin Per Capita debt: \$854

Note: In 2020 we issued a \$2M GO Promissory Notes for capital projects. This issue included the 2019 anticipated borrowing of \$650k for the N. Capron/River Dr project and the 2020 street projects including State Street and Webster.

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## UNASSIGNED FUNDBALANCE



- ☐ UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE IS USED FOR:
  - o Emergency Situations
  - o Liquidity to handle spikes and timing of revenues
  - Offset risk of high dependency on state funding and potential for pulled funding
  - o Proving solvency for better borrowing rates
  - o Providing funding for TID advances
- ☐ CITY OF BERLIN FINANCIAL POLICY indicates unassigned general fund balance be maintained between 25-30% of operating budget plus anticipated future TID advances. This provides approximately 3 months operating capital along with TID advances.
- 2021 UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE is anticipated to be at \$2.6M at year-end for a 36% fund balance. This is adequate to cover revenue fluctuations plus the TID advances needed.

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